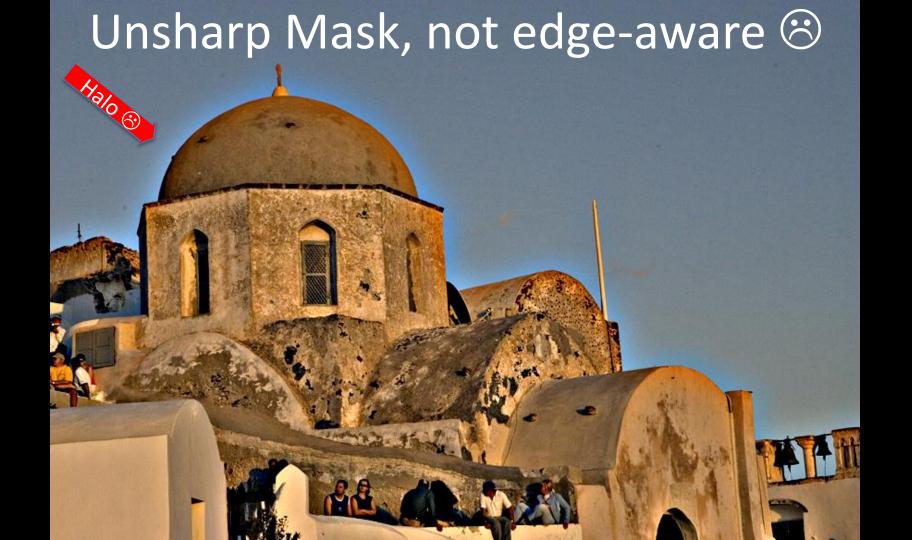
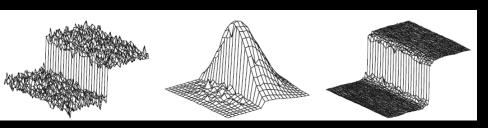
Fast Local Laplacian Filters: Theory and Applications

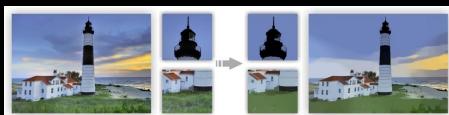
Mathieu Aubry (INRIA, ENPC), Sylvain Paris (Adobe), Sam Hasinoff (Google), Jan Kautz (UCL), and Frédo Durand (MIT)





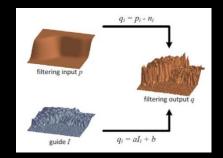
Edge-aware image processing





Bilateral Filter [Tomasi and Manduchi 1998]

 L_0 Gradient Minimization [Xu et al. 2011]



Guided Image Filtering [He et al. 2010]

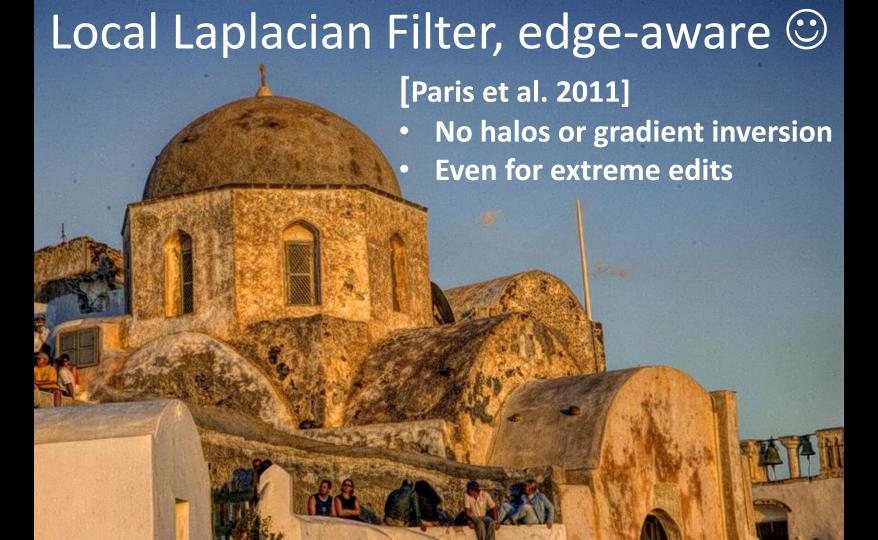


Edge-aware wavelets
[Fattal 2009]



Adaptative Manifolds [Gastal and Oliveira 2012]

See also [Fattal et al. 2002], [Farbman et al. 2008], [Subr et al. 2009], [Gastal and Oliveira 2011]...



Some limitations...

Too slow for interactive editing: 4s/Mpixel

Unknown relationship to other filters

Only detail manipulation and tone mapping

Our contributions

- Too slow for interactive editing: 4s/Mpixel
 - 20x speed up
- Unknown relationship to other filters
 - > Formal analysis and relation to Bilateral Filter
- Only detail manipulation and tone mapping
 - General gradient manipulations and style transfer

Background on Gaussian Pyramids

Resolution halved at each level using Gaussian kernel







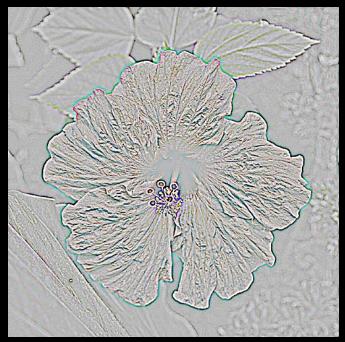


level 3 (residual)

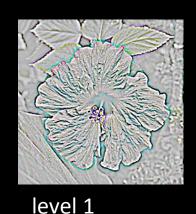
level 0

Background on Laplacian Pyramids

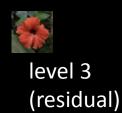
Difference between adjacent Gaussian levels



level 0

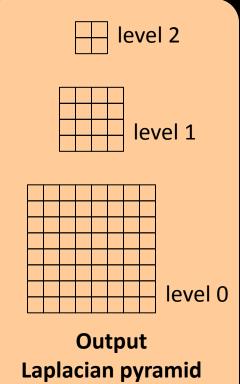


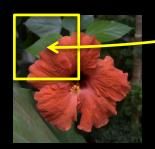




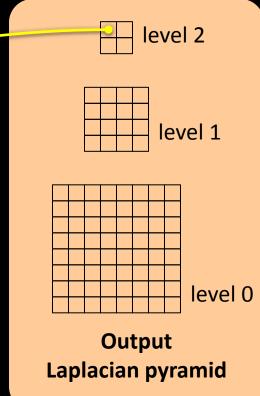


input image

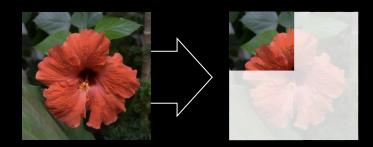




input image

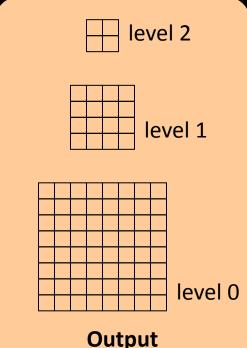


Local contrast manipulation

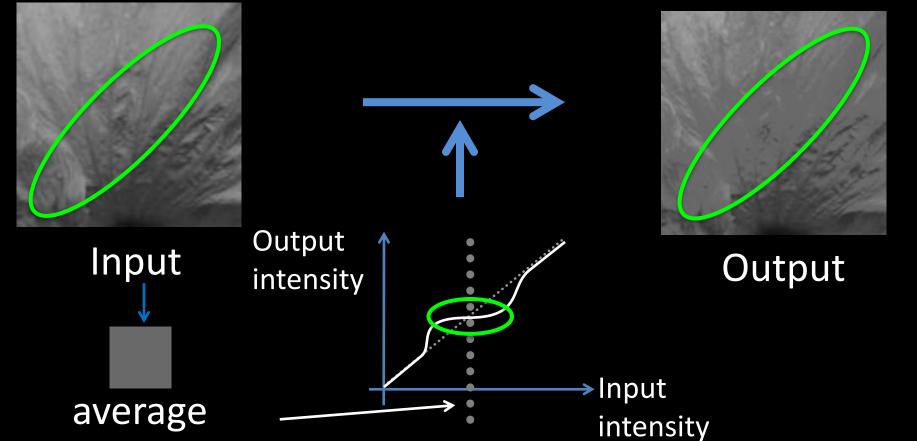


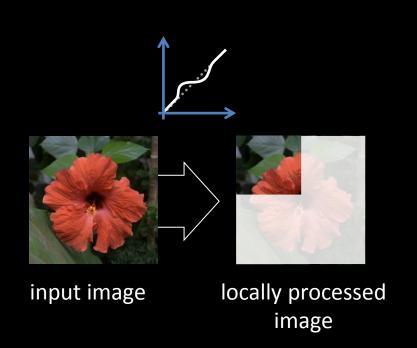
input image

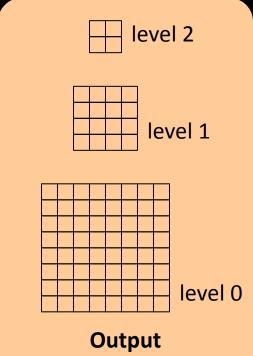
locally processed image



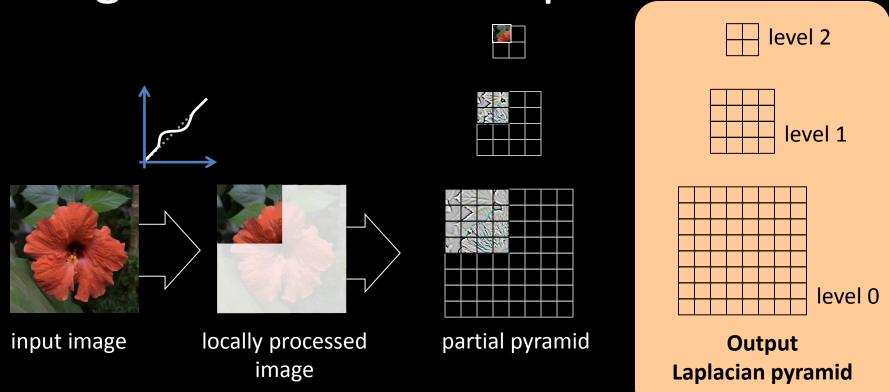
Laplacian pyramid

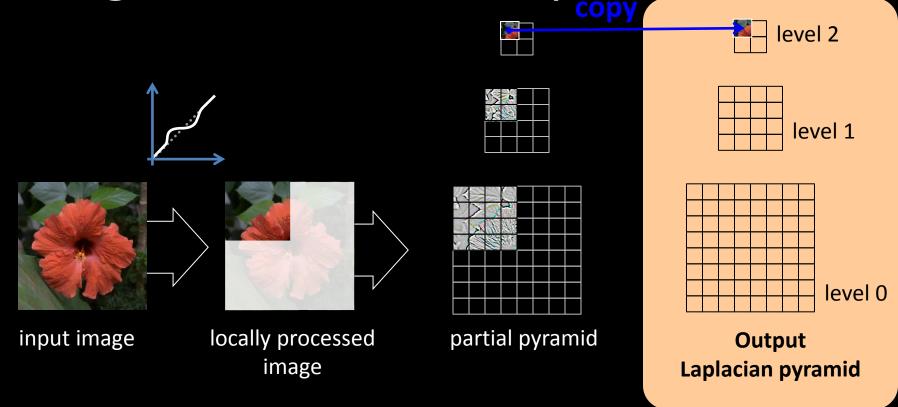


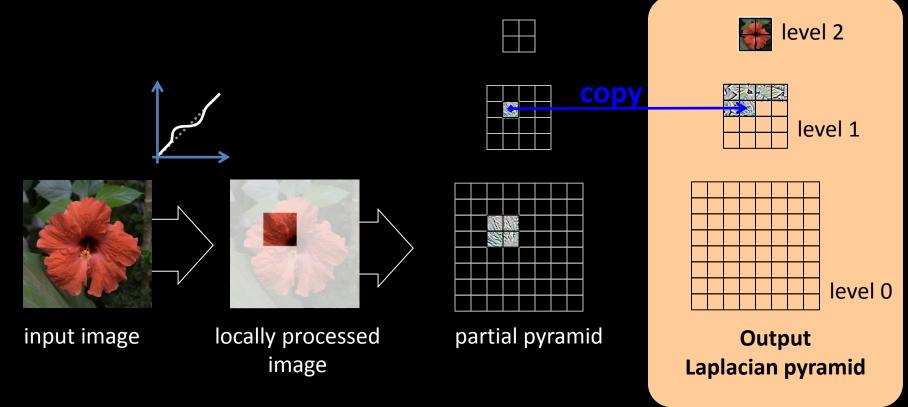


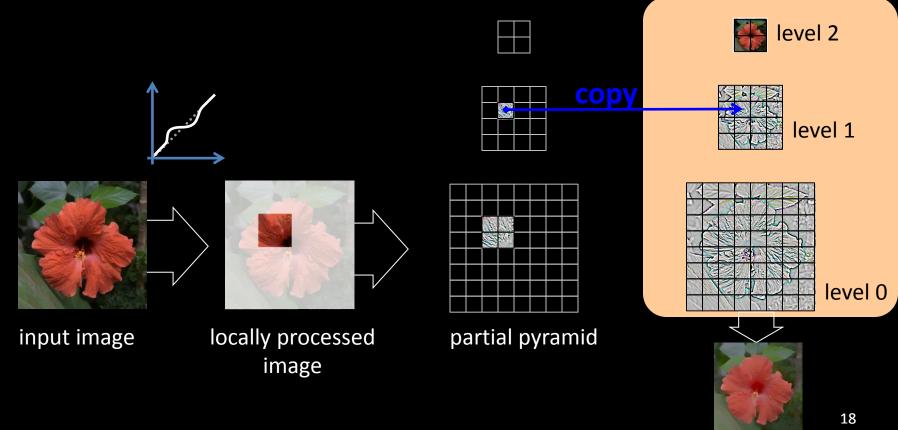


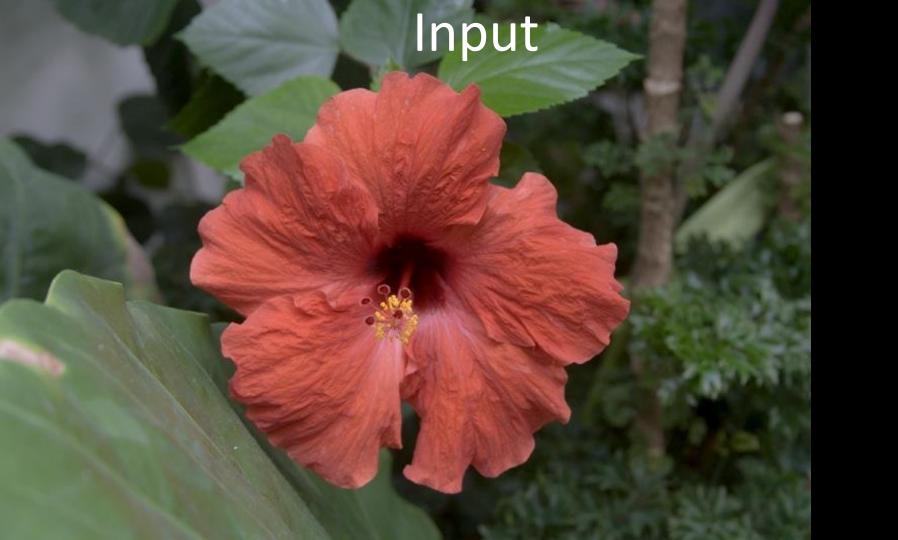
Laplacian pyramid











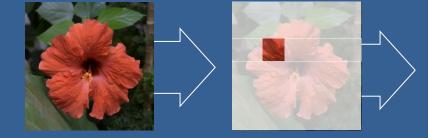




1. Speed up

$$i \rightarrow i - d(i - g)$$





input image

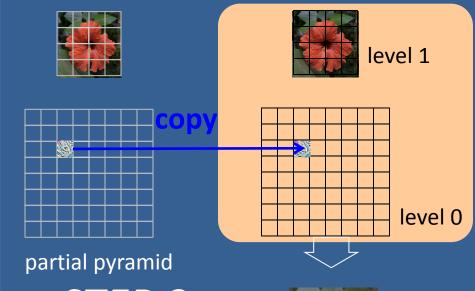
locally processed

STEP 1: image

INTENSITY REMAPPING

One-level Local Laplacian Filter

 $I \rightarrow I - G_{\sigma} * I$



STEP 2:

PYRAMID



One-level Local Laplacian Filter

$$i \rightarrow i - d(i - g)$$

$$I \rightarrow I - G_{\sigma} * I$$



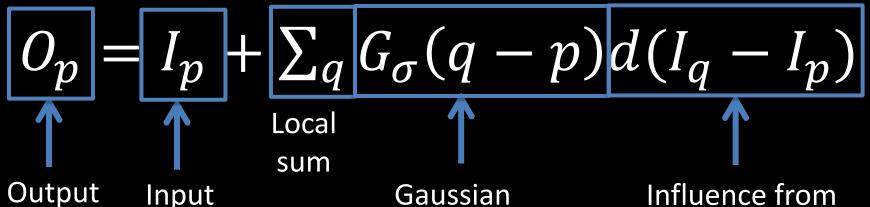


image image

Gaussian spatial weight

Influence from intensity difference

Why is it slow?

$$i \to i - d(i - g)$$

$$I \to I - G_{\sigma} * I$$



$$O_p = I_p + \sum_q G_\sigma(q - p) d(I_q - I_p)$$

For each neighborhood

For each pixel

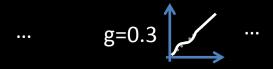
Computed #neighborhood X #pixels

Speed up d(i-g)

Idea: if g were constant, we would need to compute d only once per pixel

- ightharpoonup Compute d only for a small set of values of g and interpolate
 - Compute d K x #pixels

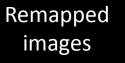
In practice







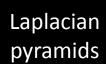
output

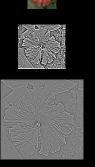






















Performance

	[Paris 2011]	Our method	Speed up
1Mpixel CPU	15 s	350 ms	50x
4Mpixel GPU	1 s	49 ms	20x

Suitable for interactive editing

>implemented in Lightroom/Photoshop











2. Relation to Bilateral Filter

Interpretation

Bilateral Filter Spatial weight Weighted intensities

$$BF_{\mathbf{p}} = \frac{1}{W_{\mathbf{p}}} \sum_{\mathbf{q}} G_{\sigma_s}(\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p}) G_{\sigma_r}(I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{p}}) I_{\mathbf{q}}$$
 One-level Local Laplacian Filter

$$O_{\mathbf{p}} = I_{\mathbf{p}} + \sum_{\mathbf{q}} G_{\sigma}(\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p}) d(I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{p}})$$

Spatial weight Remapping from pyramid function

Interpretation

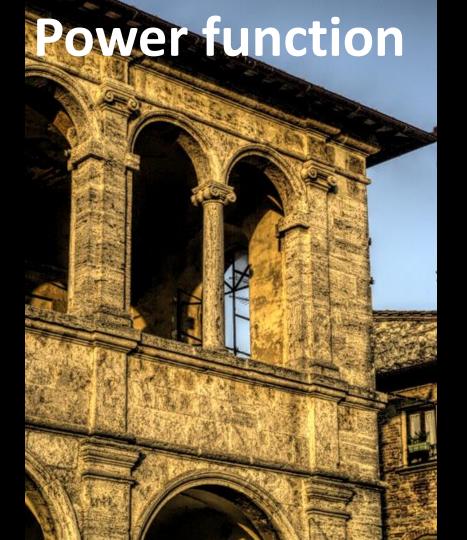
Bilateral Filter Spatial weight Weighted intensities

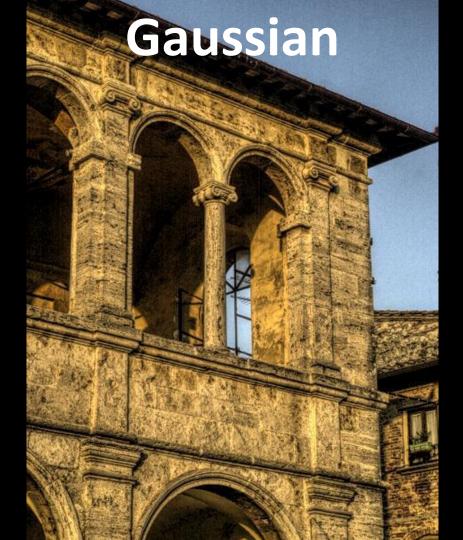
$$BF_{f p}=rac{1}{W_{f p}}\sum_{f q}G_{\sigma_s}({f q}-{f p})G_{\sigma_r}(I_{f q}-I_{f p})I_{f q}$$
 One-level Local Laplacian Filter

$$O_{\mathbf{p}} = I_{\mathbf{p}} + \sum G_{\sigma}(\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p})G_{\sigma_r}(I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{p}})(I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{p}})$$

Spatial weight Remapping from pyramid

function





Interpretation

Bilateral Filter Spatial weight Weighted intensities

$$BF_{f p}=rac{1}{W_{f p}}\sum_{f q}G_{\sigma_s}({f q}-{f p})G_{\sigma_r}(I_{f q}-I_{f p})I_{f q}$$
 One-level Local Laplacian Filter

$$O_{\mathbf{p}} = I_{\mathbf{p}} + \sum G_{\sigma}(\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p})G_{\sigma_r}(I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{p}})(I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{p}})$$

Spatial weight from pyramid

Remapping function

Rewriting the bilateral filter

Bilateral Filter Weights sum to 1

$$BF_{\mathbf{p}} = \frac{1}{W_{\mathbf{p}}} \sum_{\mathbf{q}} G_{\sigma_s}(\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p}) G_{\sigma_r}(I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{p}}) I_{\mathbf{q}}$$

$$BF_{\mathbf{p}} = I_{\mathbf{p}} + \frac{1}{W_{\mathbf{p}}} \sum_{\mathbf{g}} G_{\sigma_s}(\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p}) G_{\sigma_r} (I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{p}}) (I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{p}})$$

Interpretation '

Bilateral Filter Spatial weight Weighted intensities One-level Local Laplacian Filter
$$O_{\mathbf{p}} = I_{\mathbf{p}} + \sum_{\mathbf{q}} G_{\sigma}(\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p}) G_{\sigma_r} (I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{p}}) (I_{\mathbf{q}} - I_{\mathbf{p}})$$
 Original Spatial weight Remapping

function

from pyramid

image









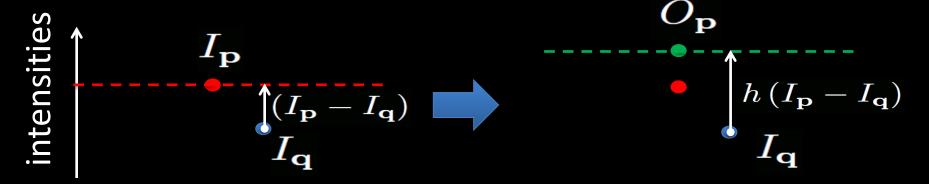


3. Style transfer

Local statistics manipulation

Interpret the remapping function as a remapping of pixel differences

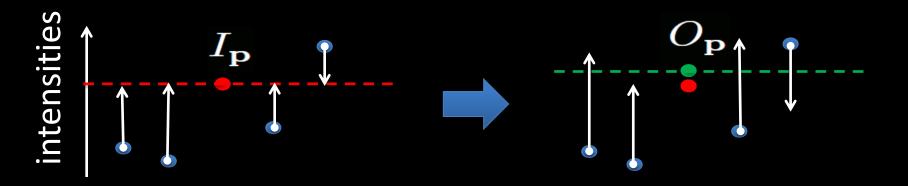
Single-neighbor case



Local statistics manipulation

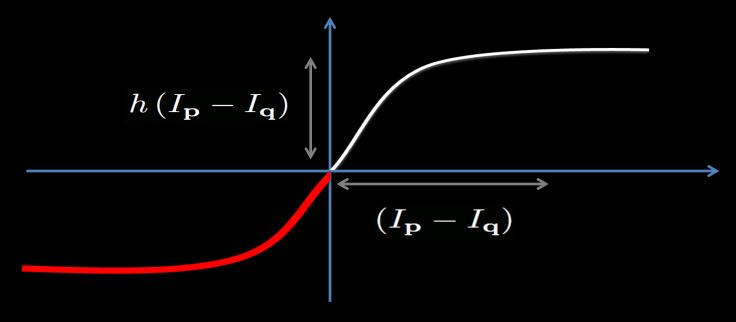
Many neighboors case

Can be interpreted as averaging target differences



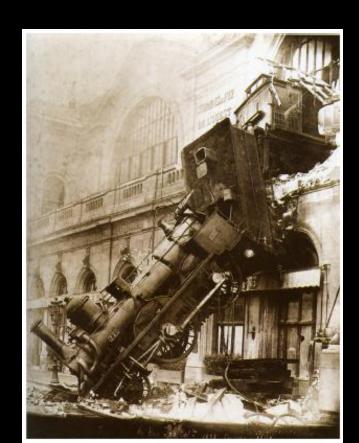
Local statistics manipulation

h controls how the gradients are remapped

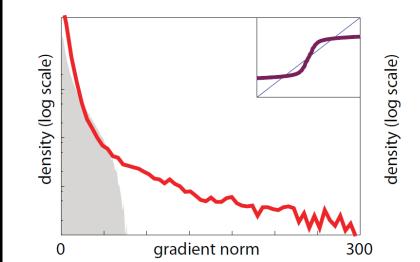


Use histogram transfer function to define h

Example:



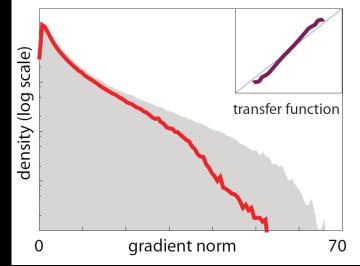




Example: iteration 1



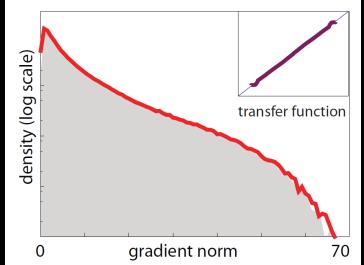




Example: iteration 2

















Also in the paper

• Link with PDEs / Anisotropic diffusion

- Introduction of Un-normalized Bilateral Filter
 - Discussion of effect on edges
- More results and comparisons
 - Quantitative evaluations of transfer





Conclusion

- 20x to 50x speed-up
 - > in Lightroom and Photoshop
- Relationship with BF and PDE

- Gradient histogram transfer
 - ➤ Photographic style transfer

Matlab code and more results:

http://www.di.ens.fr/~aubry/llf.html

We would like to thank...

- Mark Fairchild for his HDR survey
- The anonymous reviewers for their constructive comments
- Adobe for its gifts to Jan Kautz, Sam Hasinoff and Frédo Durand





Conclusion

- Relationship with BF and PDE
- 20x to 50x speed-up
 - > in Lightroom and Photoshop
- Gradient histogram transfer
 - Photographic style transfer

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